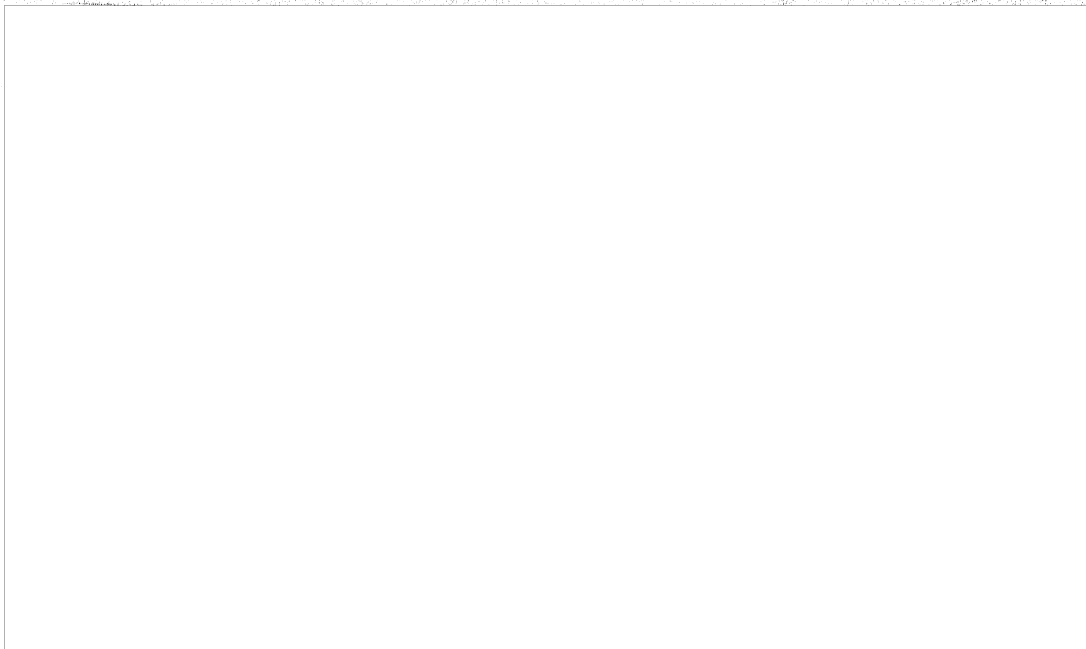


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The Soviet Socialist State

Rat Soviet Socialist, Bangkok, 1950

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RESTRICTEDSOVIET SOCIALIST STATE (Rat Soviet Sotchalist)

Published by Mahachon Press 1950

[The Soviet State Socialist is a short treatise, the purpose of which is to explain the Soviet form of government and show that it is superior to the capitalist state. There is no table of contents, but the discussion is divided into five sections with the following titles: the Supreme Soviet, the Soviet Republic, Basic Concept of the Soviet State, ^{er}Leadship of Soviet Society--by the State, Soviet State is Superior to the Capitalist State. A brief summary of each of the sections follows.]

The Supreme Soviet

The Supreme Soviet is an assembly, a council of the people, which was first established at the time of the Revolution in 1905. After the workers seized power in October 1917 and destroyed the government of the capitalists and landowners, it became a council of the workers. They became members of this organization without discrimination on the basis of nationality, family, sex, trade, religion or education. The representatives who sat in the Supreme Soviet were elected by the people. In every village, city, and district in rural areas there is also ^acouncil of the people.

The Supreme Soviet supervises and directs the economic development of the country, draws up the budget, guarantees peace and order, ^{and} protects the rights of the citizens. It is responsible for education, industry, public health and welfare....

The Soviet Republic

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Each state in the Soviet Union has its own representative assembly, which is called a republic soviet. The nation is made up of many soviet socialist republics, having various races and nationalities, which form one state called the Union of Soviet ^{Socialist} Republics.

~~Socialist~~. All the republics support the constitution of the Soviet Republic, which places the power of the State in the Supreme Soviet.

Basic Concept of the Soviet State

Cooperation between workers and farmers is the foundation of the Soviet State. The harmonious union of labor and agriculture has enabled the state to establish a socialist society and to win the victory in the last war. Labor has assumed the leadership in the state because it was prepared by living in towns and working in factories to organize and seize control. Since the farmers are in need of instruction in the socialist system, the workers will train them and assist in organizing them according to socialist standards.

Leadership of soviet society by the state

The power of the state belongs to the working class, the representatives in the Supreme Soviet. Because the state acts solely for the benefit of the people, early development of the Soviet State concerned economic organization and educational growth. Later the activity of the state was centered upon economic expansion and progress in the fields of communications, technology, education, public health, science, and publishing. Following the war when defense was the primary aim the Soviet turned to reconstruction and re-establishing the economy of the nation.

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The Soviet State is superior to the capitalist state

The Soviet system of government maintains close ties with the people, who respond with full confidence and devotion. The contrary is true in a capitalist state where "power" is likely to come from the use of force to oppress the citizens. The Supreme Soviet has encouraged the people to be politically conscious. It has united many nationalities into one group, where harmony and stability result from the combined strength of diverse peoples. On the other hand the bourgeois state emphasizes the differences between peoples, ^{of various races by fanning the flames of enmity, and by strengthening the ruling} class at the expense of the others. The Soviet State has an army which maintains good relationships with the populace, but in the bourgeois state the army is estranged from the people and ^{the} officer group comes from the ruling class accustomed to use ^{of} repressive measures. In the soviet/^{form} government the people themselves have a greater opportunity for participation in directing the state than in any other type. The Soviet State has been the most efficient means of establishing socialism and later will put into effect the communist system. It is the best defense of the workers and the best protection against foreign aggression.

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